

CIE Chemistry IGCSE

AO3 Practical Skills 4: Interpret and evaluate experimental observations and data

Flashcards

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How are observations most commonly recorded in chemistry?



How are observations most commonly recorded in chemistry?

In data tables



Where should the units of measurement be placed in a data table?



Where should the units of measurement be placed in a data table?

In the column headings



Describe how the dependent and independent variables are set up in the table



Describe how the dependent and independent variables are set up in the table

The independent variable should be in the first column of the table.

The dependent variable should be the next column(s).



Why is qualitative data normally displayed in a table?



Why is qualitative data normally displayed in a table?

Tables allow all observations to be easily recorded and analysed.



What should be included in a conclusion?



What should be included in a conclusion?

- Reassert the hypothesis
- State whether the data supports the hypothesis
- Use scientific knowledge to explain the shape/trends of graphs and data
- Evaluate the results and suggest relevant improvements



What type of data is suitable for displaying on a graph?



What type of data is suitable for displaying on a graph?

Quantitative data



Why are graphs often used to display data?



Why are graphs often used to display data?

They clearly show patterns and trends in the data and make anomalous results easy to spot.



For a graph of results, which axis do the independent and dependent variables go on?



For a graph of results, which axis do the independent and dependent variables go on?

Dependent variable - vertical y axis

Independent variable - horizontal x axis



Describe how to draw a line of best fit



Describe how to draw a line of best fit

- Use a sharp pencil
- If the trend is a straight line, use a ruler to draw a continuous straight line through the points.
- If the trend is a curve, draw a continuous freehand curve to connect the points.



How can an anomalous result be identified from a scatter diagram?



How can an anomalous result be identified from a scatter diagram?

Anomalous results fall outside the trend so they will not lie on/ near the line of best fit.



To what degree of accuracy should results be written in a table?



To what degree of accuracy should results be written in a table?

Results in a column should all be given to the same degree of accuracy. This should be appropriate for the readings that were taken.

